



Pain relief on Lady Mary Ward after operative delivery: a quality improvement project to introduce Self Administration of Medicines (SAM) to our post-natal ward

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The Problem [Part 1]: 2013 Local GPs reporting women seeking advice for pain relief soon after discharge from The Rosie after caesarean section or instrumental delivery.

The SAM Project 2016 - 2019

SMART Aim:

- No analgesia issued on discharge
- Lack of clear information about what to take
- Confusion over safety of drugs in breast feeding

Looking into this:

Trust-approved telephone survey showed 89% of women had adequate pain relief with paracetamol and ibuprofen bought over the counter, but for 11% of women this was not sufficient.

What we did:

- Formalised Trust guidelines for post-natal analgesia
- Ensured both paracetamol and ibuprofen both given 4 x daily, regularly
- Improved information about post-natal analgesia for mothers at antenatal appointments and on The Rosie website
- Changed practice to provide weak opiate analgesia on discharge for those women who had required multiple doses while on the ward

The Problem [Part 2]: 2016

- Many women still finding analgesia while on Lady Mary ward inadequate
- Regular simple analgesia (paracetamol and ibuprofen) usually correctly prescribed but not always given at regular intervals as drugs rounds missed if woman sleeping or off the ward
- High workload for midwives meant frequent delays

Specific: Introduce Self Administration of Medicines (SAM) to the Lady Mary post-natal ward to improve quality of analgesia for women after operative delivery
Measure (Process): Number of doses of simple analgesia on 1st postoperative day
Measure (Outcome): Patient Satisfaction
Achievable: Most other CUH wards use SAM
Realistic: Most other wards at CUH use SAM
Timely: by end summer 2016, by April 2017, by.....2019!

How we went about it:

- 1. Secured hardware: lockers, keys, key safe
- 2. Met with other wards where SAM already embedded to learn process and share experience
- 3. Provided training for midwifery staff to use the SAM tools within the electronic patient record
- 4. Found local champions to deliver the message that SAM will improve care for women

Launch! - January 2019

- All women admitted to Lady Mary ward after operative delivery assessed for suitability for SAM and converted to SAM if appropriate
- All regular medications issued to women in packs to keep in the cupboards at their bed space and to administer themselves
- All extra rescue opiate analgesia still provided by the midwives on request

How are we doing?

Service evaluation 2 weeks April 2019:

 Many women requiring rescue doses of weak opiate as background simple analgesia missed

Looking into this:

Service evaluation for 2 weeks showed <u>no women</u> received all 8 doses of paracetamol and ibuprofen that they should have done on the first day following operative delivery.

What we did:

- Recognised women needed to be in control of their own pain relief after operative delivery, just as they would be at home
- Started process of introducing Self Administration of Medicines (SAM) to Lady Mary Ward

65% of women established on SAM within 24 hours of delivery.

Reasons for exclusion:

- 11% insufficient medication stock on the ward
- 10% technical difficulties with the IT system
- 8% expected early discharge
- 5% declined the offer to use SAM
- 2% no reason provided

Where do we go from here?

- Streamlining electronic patient record entries for SAM
- Case of Need for ward pharmacy technician to help
 with medication supplies and troubleshoot problems

Satisfaction Survey of women to be conducted Autumn-Winter 2019